### > DEBATE:

Challenge funds ARE the BEST way to engage the private sector effectively

### Are you against or in favour?



> Challenge funds: The <u>best</u> way to manage the private sector interface

James Blewett Maxwell Stamp PLC



### >Three myths and an observation

- Challenge funds are not compatible with market systems approach
- Challenge finance does not work
- Challenge funds distort markets by picking winners

 Facilitation is necessary but frequently insufficient to achieve development objectives



#### > Privately funded examples





#### SPACESHIPONE WINS \$10 MILLION XPRIZE



### > A donor funded example

### InFrontier takes stake in Afghan pharmacy chain

UK private equity group says deal shows the country is opening to business and foreign capital





### >Three myths and an observation

- Challenge funds are not compatible with market systems approach
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### Shared objectives and common problems

- Shared objectives:
  - We all want to see sustainable change and deliver impact at scale
  - We all want to use our resources in the most effective way
  - We all recognise that the private sector has a vital role to play in economic growth



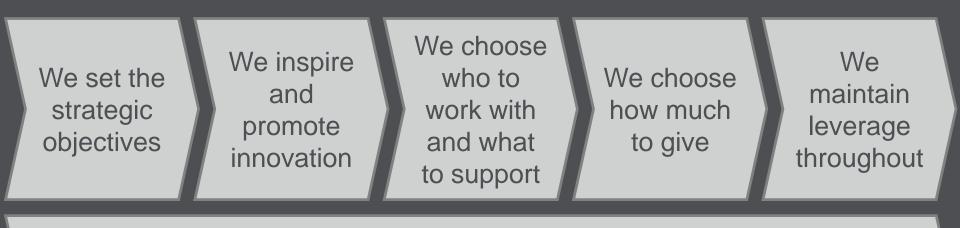
# Shared objectives and common problems

- Common problems:
  - How to engage with partners capable of delivering scale?
  - How to get the best results for our money?
  - How to influence private sector towards business models that promote inclusive growth?

How to accelerate the "right" kind of investment?

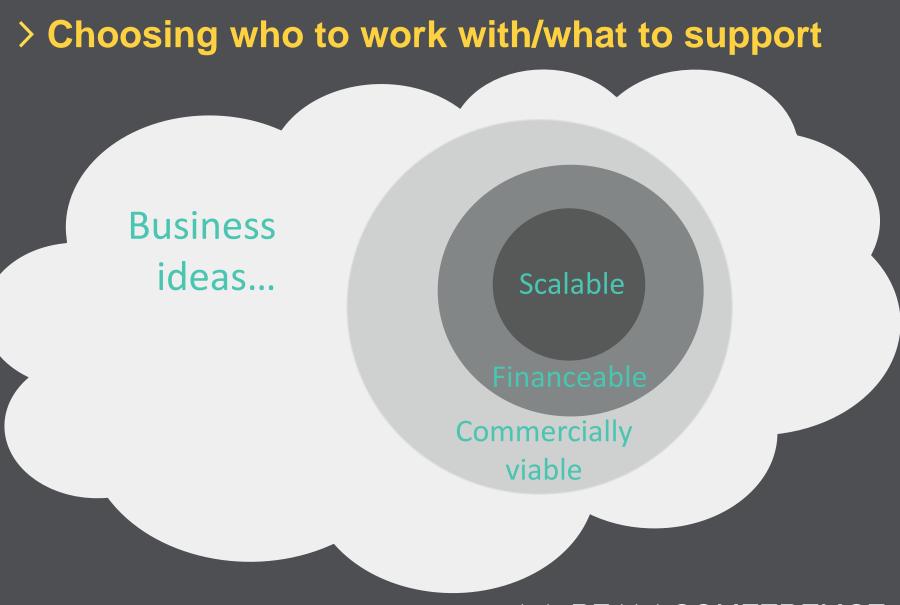


### > The unique beauty of the challenge process



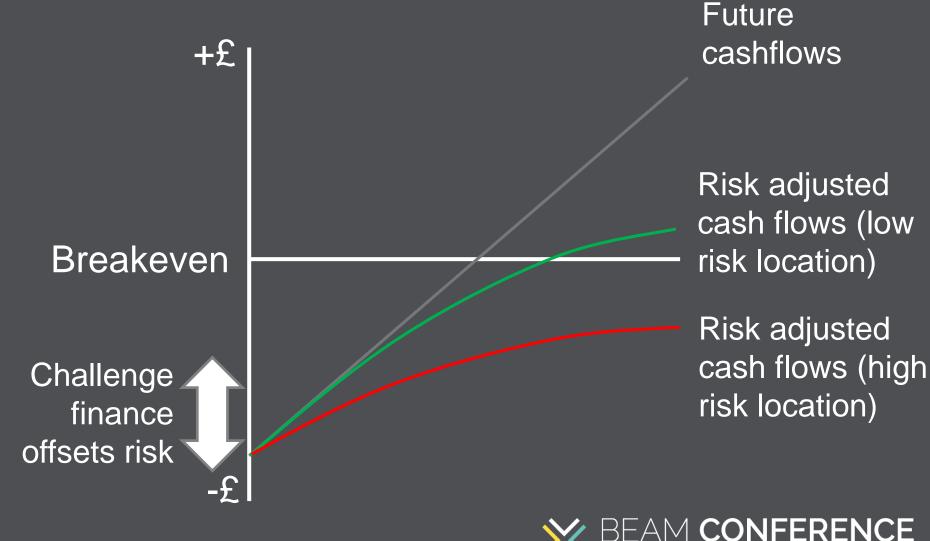
The private sector gets it!







### > Choosing how much to give





### Refinements to the model

- Challenge funds traditionally about matching grants, but smart challenge finance uses other mechanisms:
  - Risk adjusted grants
  - Patient equity capital/impact equity finance
  - Blended debt finance
- The objective is to use the unique qualities of development finance to allow the right kind of investment to take place





- Challenge finance is an ideal mechanism to deliver market development objectives
- Smart challenge finance uses the right amount of money to incentivise private sector innovation
- Challenge finance unlocks commercial finance
- Challenge process is simple, transparent and delivers some spectacular results



### > Further information

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Challenging challenge funds: <u>Not</u> the best way to engage the private sector

Mathew Rupanga, Palladium Livelihoods and Food Security Programme – Market Development (LFSP-MD), Zimbabwe



> Key weaknesses of Challenge Funds Competitive calls for proposals limit the ability to identify and execute effective interventions and engage with the best partners:

- Limitation of RFPs in providing strategic information
- Poor engagement with high potential partners
- Inability to shape & facilitate business models & partnerships
- Distortion of market signals
- Crowding out private investment
- Ineffective for aligning interests
- Limited coordination



## > Is this an efficient and effective mechanism for sourcing the best interventions?

- Of 71 concepts submitted to LFSP MIF Challenge Fund - only 5 selected
- Of 16 partnerships facilitated, 14 succeeding, 8 genuine scale and transformation potential
- The MIF challenge fund failed to generate effective interventions and to develop dynamic partnerships with a diverse range of actors





### > Lessons from LFSP

- Challenge funds have catalysed a new business model – the "private sector NGO"
- Artificial design parameters preestablished by call for proposals were a barrier for some players (both too big or too small).
- The open competitive process discouraged firms from investing time and effort into developing high quality proposals.





### Challenge funds cause businesses to propose what they think the funders want to hear. There is no scope for a shared approach to developing a sound business model."

Max Makuvise – Makera Cattle Company



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